

FIRST AIR FLIGHT TO BRAINERD

LISTS OF FAIR FOOD PRICES TO GUIDE PUBLIC

Committees Will Be Appointed in Each County to Investigate Charges for Necessaries

Congress Leaders Prepare for Consideration of Laws Suggested by President

Washington, Aug. 11.—Attorney General Palmer started out today to ascertain how much of the high cost of living is due to excessive profits by retailers.

In a telegram to all state food administrators who worked with Administrator Hoover during the war, the attorney general requested the appointment of a fair price committee in each county to investigate what is being charged for retail necessities and if in excess of what the committee considers just, to publish a list of fair prices for the guidance of the public.

"Extra Legal" Means
This is the "extra legal" means of reaching profiteering which Mr. Palmer recently indicated was under consideration. He has frankly admitted from the start that there was no means to prosecute directly a man guilty of extortion in prices. Retailers who are gouging the ultimate consumer will have to be disciplined by public sentiment, which officials have no doubt is sufficiently alert to the situation now to act vigorously. Hoarders can be reached through the war time food laws or the Sherman act and Mr. Palmer requested the state food administrators to transmit to him any evidence of hoarding or other violations of the law which they might encounter in their work, with the promise that the government would act promptly.

Normal Conditions
"There is pressing necessity for the restoration of normal conditions," Mr. Palmer's telegram said, requesting the men who did such effective work during the war to take up the burden again. They were asked to serve without compensation, the attorney general believing that the public service can be performed now as is important as when the country was engaged in hostilities, and that no patriotic citizen would refuse the call to duty.

Congress tomorrow will begin actual consideration of high cost of living problems. Plans have been made by leaders for immediate consideration of the legislative recommendations made by President Wilson in his address and the cost of living question promises this week to overshadow even the peace treaty and many other important problems.

In Committee
Work for several days will be in the hands of committees. The house agricultural committee will take up a bill for government regulation of cold storage facilities and Chairman Cummins of the senate interstate commerce committee is expected to announce a special subcommittee to consider the President's proposals for regulation of foodstuffs entering interstate commerce, including federal licensing of interstate corporations. Tuesday the senate agriculture committee meets to consider the wheat price question, extension of the food control law and other similar questions.

Seven are Burned in Montreal Fire

(By United Press)
Montreal, Quebec, Aug. 11.—Seven bodies, charred beyond recognition were discovered this morning following last night's fire at Dominion park, an amusement resort. There were women and one small boy. The fire started from a cigarette stub.

Andrew Carnegie Dies of Bronchial Pneumonia

Great Philanthropist and Successful Business Man Ends Earthly Career at 7 O'clock Today

Lenox, Mass., Aug. 11.—Andrew Carnegie died at his summer home here shortly after seven o'clock this morning, the cause was bronchial pneumonia. A statement issued by his physicians said: "Andrew Carnegie died shortly after seven o'clock this morning." Further details were not forthcoming.

During the early part of the war, which came as a shock and shattered his ideals he began to fall and thereafter appeared very seldom in public. He was in the care of physicians continually. Owing to feeble condition he has taken no part in public affairs since 1915.

Andrew Carnegie, probably best known to Americans through the numerous libraries and other institutions he built or aided throughout the United States, was born at Dunfermline, Fifeshire, Scotland, Nov. 25, 1835. He came to America with his family in 1848 settling in Pittsburgh. Carnegie entered the industrial world as a weaver's assistant in a cotton factory in Allegheny, Pa., when a very young boy. He became a telegraph messenger boy at Pittsburgh in 1851.

Learning telegraphy, he became an operator, and was rapidly promoted to management of the Pittsburgh division of the Ohio Telegraph Co. Then he went into the manufacture of sleeping cars with T. T. Woodruff, inventor. He saved his earnings and invested them wisely in oil lands.

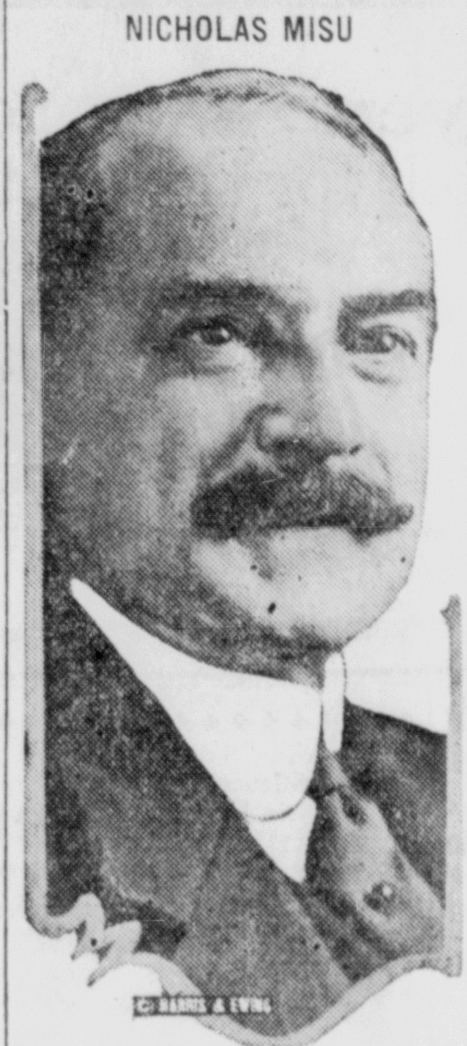
Successively he was superintendent of railways and telegraph lines in the East for the government during the civil war, head of several iron works after the war, head of the Carnegie Steel Co., and one of the moving geniuses of the big merger that produced the United States Steel corporation.

The steel king retired from business in 1901, announcing that it is a disgrace for a man to die rich and that he proposed to devote the rest of his life to giving away his fortune. He immediately began building libraries throughout the world. Within the next 15 years he scattered his gift libraries so thickly about the United States that scarcely a town in the whole country was left without at least one Carnegie library, and many cities had from two to a dozen. He gave \$5,100,000 to New York City alone, for establishment of branch libraries.

Libraries constituted but one branch of the ironmaster's multifarious gift-distributing program. He gave millions to foundations, pension funds, hero funds, the Hague peace tribunal, and innumerable other benevolent enterprises.

Labor Will Not Press for Immediate Nationalization of R. R.

Washington, Aug. 11.—Nationalization of the railroads will not be pressed by labor immediately. This was made evident in the railroad situation today. The nationalization scheme will be put temporarily in the back ground while representatives of the fourteen big unions go ahead with their campaign to get higher wages now. They will confer with Hines this week with the purpose of getting more pay.



NICHOLAS MISU
Nicholas Misu is the most distinguished living Roumanian diplomatist. He has served his country for many years in Balkan capitals and in London. He negotiated with the British government the part Roumania was to play in the world war.

Craft Strikers to Decide Next Move Thursday

Chicago District Council Issues Call For a Convention of the Railway Shopmen

Chicago, Aug. 11.—A call for a convention of representatives of the striking railway shopmen of the country to be held here next Thursday to determine definitely what action shall be taken was issued today by the Chicago district council of the federated railway shopmen which called the strike Aug. 1 in defiance of the international officers of the shop-crafts unions.

Decision Reached
This decision was reached as a result of conferences held yesterday by some of the international officers and representatives of the council and the strikers.

Roumanians Will Evacuate Budapest

(By United Press)
Paris, Aug. 11.—The peace conference was advised today that the Roumanians were assuming a more conciliatory attitude and were preparing to carry out the orders of the conference for evacuating Budapest.

Starting from Brown field, near Camden place, Minneapolis, and flying at an altitude average of 4,500 feet, John P. Ernster, Minneapolis banker, and his pilot, Walter Bullock, made Brainerd in one hour and a quarter, negotiating a safe landing at 8 o'clock Saturday evening in a field east of Brainerd, and thus successfully completing the first air flight ever made to Brainerd.

Dispatch Notified
The Brainerd Dispatch was notified at 5 p. m. that Mr. Ernster and pilot would land at the Ilse field in Northeast Brainerd at 8:30 p. m. At 8 o'clock the Dispatch reporter motored to the field and the plane was seen circling about the place. It did not appear to be a suitable spot and the pilot circled about three times or more, swung over Lum park, the Holland grounds near the shops and then skimmed across the Northern Pacific tracks and landed a half mile east of the shops and near the Dodd farm.

Air Like Glass
In describing their trip, Mr. Ernster said the air was like glass and with a wind at their backs the 100 horsepower, eight cylinder Curtis J. N. 4 plane made fast time. St. Cloud was passed at a high altitude and was a mere dot. Awaiting Mr. Ernster's arrival in Brainerd were his wife and two children; his parents Mr. and Mrs. John Ernster of Brainerd; a brother, Lieut. Omer, recently returned from war service; and another brother, H. J. Ernster, Deerwood banker, who recently acquired a hydroplane.

Return Trip
A return to Minneapolis will be made Monday or Tuesday.

Bought from Government
The Curtis plane was bought from the government by J. P. Ernster. He is a Minneapolis banker who formerly was president of the Brainerd State bank and had interests in the Barrows State bank and other banks. The machine was rebuilt under the direction of the pilot and the trip to Brainerd was in the nature of a trial trip. Bullock has had considerable air experience, receiving his first instruction in the Curtis civilian school in 1915.

Cabled Message
Messages carried by Mr. Ernster were two written by L. M. Deque, Minneapolis banker, to Dr. R. A. Beise, former mayor, and Attorney W. H. Crowell.

Family Preceded Him
Mrs. J. P. Ernster and children and Lieut. Omer Ernster motored to Brainerd on Friday in their Packard car so as to be in the city to greet him when he arrived.

Passengers Carried
The first Brainerd passenger car—continued on page 5



ROMAN DMOWSKI
Roman Dmowski is president of the Polish national committee and was one of Poland's representatives in the peace conference.

Twin City Shopmen Vote to Continue Strike

The Vote at St. Paul to Continue the Strike was 1465 to 531

Minneapolis, Aug. 11.—Striking railroad shopmen in both Minneapolis and St. Paul by heavy majorities Saturday decided to remain on strike and the situation as far as the shops were concerned was unchanged.

The St. Paul meeting was secret in the Auditorium, and the Minneapolis meeting was on the Parade, where two speakers addressed the crowd of 3,000 men, outlined the history of the strike and then conducted a vote which was taken by ballots distributed through the crowd and deposited in barrels, which were sent to the strike headquarters at 11½ Western av.

In St. Paul the vote was 1,465 to remain out and 531 to return to work.

University Student Murdered Over 100 Suspects Arrested

(By United Press)
Chicago, Aug. 11.—More than one hundred suspected robbers and highway bandits were under arrest following establishment of police drag net in which they were caught after the slaying of R. Chas. Wilson. Wilson who was a junior at the Northwestern University was shot to death Saturday night when he resisted giving up his automobile after they had robbed him and his companions.

PRESIDENT WILL DISCUSS ECONOMIC PROBLEMS WITH LABOR

Will Hold Industrial Conferences With Representatives of Labor and the Cabinet

Senate Committee Modifies Prohibition Enforcement Bill

Near Beers are Given New Life by the Senate Sub Committee Recommendations

Washington, August 11.—With many of its drastic features modified the House Prohibition Enforcement bill was sent to the Senate committee by the sub-committee for revising it. The senate committee went over the bill with great thoroughness revising the most extreme phrases.

The first modification was the revision of the house provision making it a misdemeanor for a person to allow his property to be used in violation of the war time prohibition act. The senate requires that a person must have knowledge of the illegal use of his property.

Near beers were given a new lease of life by the senate committee which allows the sale of wine and brewed drink, if they contain less than 1/2 of 1% of alcohol and are not designated as beer, ale or porter.

One provision forbidding manufacturing, selling or transportation of intoxicating liquors for drinking as a beverage. It says "All provisions of this act shall be liberally construed to the end that the use of intoxicating liquor as a beverage shall be prevented; provided that nothing in this act shall prohibit the purchase or sale of warehouse receipts covering distilled spirits on deposit in general or distillery bonded warehouse, and that special tax liabilities which attached to the business of purchase and sale shall be issued with the warehouse receipts.

This clause was inserted to safeguard the sixty millions gallons of whiskey in bond to be gradually considered for industrial purposes. Tolerant articles and flavoring extracts are exempted.

The provision makes it unlawful for anyone to drink intoxicating liquor in a public conveyance or to carry it on his person.

* **RAILWAY DEPARTMENT**
* **CLAIMS SHOPMEN ARE**
* **RETURNING TO WORK**
*
* (By United Press)
* Washington, August 11—
* Between 15,000 and 25,000 un-
* authorized strikers returned to
* work this morning in response
* to President Wilson's demand
* that the men return to their
* work before he would consider
* their demand, it was said by
* the railway department.
* Practically all men are back
* at work west of the Mississippi
* less than 50% in Chicago, Ohio
* and central west. All are back
* in the south except at Atlanta.
* *****

May Be Next Italian
Senator G. Marconi
Guglielmo Marconi, the famous inventor of wireless telegraphy, may be the next Italian ambassador to Washington. Senator Marconi is very popular in this country and few Europeans know us better. He first came over here nearly twenty years ago to report by wireless the international yacht races off Sandy Hook, and he has made many extended visits since.

Will Not Take Place Until October When Plum Plan for Railroads Will be Considered

Washington, Aug. 11.—Industrial conferences in which President Wilson will meet representatives of the Cabinet and Labor for open discussion of the economic problem before the high cost of living problem is being disposed of will be held.

The men whom the President will meet will form some sort of an unofficial cabinet to establish free ideas and try to clear the atmosphere.

Advocates of the Plum plan for nationalization of the railroads intends to lay it before this industrial conference. This will not take place until next October.

President Wilson's attitude toward the industrial conference idea was set forth in his last speech. He said he was willing to meet any group of fellow citizens "who knew what they were talking about."

President Replies to Senate Committee for Treaty Information

Washington, Aug. 11.—President Wilson today replied to the senate committee requesting information of various phases of the peace negotiation. He refused to send to the senate a copy of the letter written by Tasker H. Bliss a member of the peace commission who advised the President as to its idea of the Shantung settlement. Secretary Lansing has told the senate the Shantung settlement would not agree with this advice. Wilson also informed the senate he has no knowledge of any negotiations with the allies between Japan and Germany. He knows nothing of any alleged attempt by delegates at Paris to intimidate Japanese envoys.

Governor Formally Calls Special Session of State Legislature

St. Paul, Aug. 11.—Governor Burnquist today issued the formal call for the special session of the legislature to meet September 8. Five subjects were recommended in the call for legislative action. They are: Woman's suffrage, provision for the benefit of soldiers and sailors, forest fire and flood prevention and a budget system.
To appoint a special committee for the consideration of a bill which shall have for its purpose the reduction of the high cost of living is also taken up by the governor.

Chicago Shopmen Decline to go Back Before Demands are Taken Up

Chicago, Aug. 11.—An expression of consolidation was apparent among railway shopmen although it was decided no immediate answer will be made to the administrators request that men go back to work before their demands will be taken up.

The Sub-Division Councils, and J. D. Sanders, Sec. of the Chicago Council invited delegates to meet Thursday to discuss the situation. Twenty eight thousand men were reported still out.

B. R. T. Strikers Taken From Barns in Buses



Officials of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co. supplied trucks and buses to take strikers away from the car barns, in order to prevent rioting. The strike has so tied up Brooklyn that it is impossible to stop disorders.

A. F. GROVES, M. D.
Practice Limited to
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Glasses Fitted Correctly
Office Iron Exchange Building

DR. H. G. INGERSOLL
Dentist
First National Bank Building
Brainerd, Minn.

DR. J. L. FREDERICK
DR. G. H. RIBBEL
Dentists
First Nat. Bank Bldg. Phone 126

DR. C. G. NORDIN
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Glasses Fitted
First Natl. Bank Bldg., Phone 5
Brainerd, Minn.

DRS. M. M. PAUL & PAUL
Chiropractors
Eight Years Experience
IN CHIROPRACTIC
And 18 in Magnetic Healing.
406 1/2 Laurel St. Phone 971

W. F. WIELAND
Attorney at Law
First Nat'l. Bank Bldg. Brainerd

EARL F. JAMIESON, M. D.
Ransford Block
Office Hours: 11 to 1, 3 to 5
Evening by Appointment

REPUTATION FLOWERS
For all Occasions. A Specialty of
High Class Emblems for Funerals.
Order From
DULUTH FLORAL CO., Duluth Minn

BROCKMAN FUR FACTORY
Furs Made to Order and
Repaired
712 Front Street Brainerd, Minn.

**Sash, Doors,
General Millwork**

KAMPMANN & SON
Phone 182
Brainerd Minn.

Ask Your Dealer For
VELVET ICE CREAM
Manufactured by
MODEL CREAMERY
Phone 142
Brainerd, Minn. 622 Laurel St.

MOTOR LIVERY
Kalland & Nelson
At Brainerd Billiard Parlors
Phone 751 620 Front St.
Home Phones 933-L and 310-L.

Straw Hats, Panamas, Felt Hats
CLEANED AND BLOCKED
Look Like New.
Brainerd Shoe Shining Parlor.
217 S. 6th St.

First National Bank

Brainerd, Minnesota
Established 1881

Capital \$100,000.00 Surplus \$50,000.00
Deposits over \$1,500,000.00

It's Large Resources, the strength of its stockholders, its careful management and its broad and liberal methods, enables it to furnish patrons absolute security and ample accommodations, combined with prompt and careful attention to all their banking needs.

Interest Paid on Time and Savings Deposits

Loans Made on Improved
Farms in Crow Wing County

G. D. LEBAR, President B. L. LAGERQUIST, Asst. Cashier
F. A. FARRAR, Vice President A. P. DROGSETH, Asst. Cashier
A. J. HAYES, Cashier A. C. MRAZ, Asst. Cashier.

THE WEATHER

Weather Forecast for next 24 hours:
Weekly forecast—Normal temperature and generally fair weather, except that occasional showers are probable the first half of the week.
Daily forecast:
Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight and Tuesday. Unsettled east portion tonight and warmer in southeast Tuesday.
Cooperative observer's record, at 7 p. m.:
Aug. 9—Maximum 70, minimum 50. Reading in evening 66. South wind. Clear.
August 10—Maximum 66, minimum 57. Reading in evening 65. Southeast wind. Cloudy. Trace of rain.
August 11—Minimum during the night, 61. Rain.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

Major E. M. Prindle of Deerwood was in town today.
For auto livery call 613-L. 52-1m
Mrs. Clyde Rogers and son Jesse of Onamia are visiting friends here.
Crystal Spring Water, \$1.00 month.
L. Bourassa, Telephone 13. 541m
Herbert Adams of Dubuque, Iowa, was in the city on business matters.
For Spring Water phone 254. 1f
Mr. and Mrs. Fred T. Lincoln and children went to Hubert this afternoon.
Electric Irons \$5.00, up. Brainerd Electric Co. 19tf
Many Brainerd soldiers and sailors are attending the celebration in Little Falls today.
For bargains in houses and lots, see J. R. Smith Sleeper Block. 226tf
Miss Elizabeth Arbes will soon leave for the Twin Cities to do her fall millinery shopping.

For Sale

Grocery and Confectionery Store at 1818 Oak St. S. E.
Must Sell at Once on Account of Sickness
Phone 900-J WM. LeMIRE.

Boost for Brainerd and ask your grocer for Brainerd-made bread. 49tf

Mrs. J. P. Adair and children, guests of her sister Mrs. L. B. Towers, returned this afternoon to her home in Dunth.

Anton Mahlum has some four foot corn he raised on his Long Lake land which is on exhibition at P. B. Nettleton's office.

Mrs. Felix Graham returned Saturday night from a visit with friends and relatives at Toronto, Hamilton and Belleville, Canada.

An examination of chief and first-class engineers will be held at the city hall August 20 and at Ironton August 21, to qualify for licenses.

Phone Clark's for Mason and E-Z Seal Jars in all sizes. 53tf

Herbert G. Barnett of Los Angeles, Cal., arrived in the city last Thursday for a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. J. McFerran and family and other friends.

SOCIETY DANCING

Taught For One Month Only
By Marie Clark
Private or Class Work Call 266

George W. Rodenberg, a representative to the legislature from St. Paul, accompanied by his wife passed through Brainerd Saturday on his way to Itasca Park.

The Willow River Horse and Cattle Company will hold a sale of Army goods and also a car load of horses at the N. P. stock yards Wednesday the 13th at 10 o'clock. 2t

Brainerd received much publicity through the visit of the Ernster airplane. Twin City and Twin Ports papers carried the news as well as papers in the Central Minnesota district.

Why rent? When by paying Nettleton only a little more monthly you can own what you pay rent for. 50tf

Gerald L. Enemark of Brainerd went to Mankato Sunday to do corcmaking for the Little Giant Foundry Co. He has spent the last few months painting and repairing for J. H. Noble.

A Liberty Bond and \$15 monthly buys a home of Nettleton. \$5 a month buys large liberty lots. 50tf

Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Weaver and daughters the Misses Beth and Vesta and Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Chubb and daughter Miss Ernestine, of Agoma, Iowa, motored to Brainerd for a visit at the lakes.

Peter Abear has established a soft drink place and confectionery store in the Gardner block on Laurel street and is doing very good business. His stock carried is fresh and new and very nicely displayed.

The Duluth News Tribune of Monday published a three-column picture taken by H. R. Criebe, Brainerd photographer of 1303 South Broadway, showing the construction work at the 800,000 gallon reservoir near the river.

One used Hudson 5 passenger car and one used Studebaker 7 passenger car for sale at a great sacrifice. Both cars in good condition and may be seen at Turcotte-Hardy Auto Co. garage, 318 6th St. So. 43tf

At the depot brick work on the main floor is progressing well. Door frames are being placed in position.

At the Standard Oil filling station grounds the two residences at the front of the lot were removed to the rear and have been placed on permanent foundations. Concrete reservoirs are being constructed at the front end of the lot.

Just as soon as weather permits our assortments of fancy cakes and pastry will be increased. Watch for our lines Saturdays. Ericsson Brothers Bakery. 49tf

In endeavoring to back on the Brainerd-Riverton road near the junction of the Deerwood cutoff south of the Northern Pacific crossing ten miles from Brainerd, Martin Wicklund backed into the swamp and nearly upset his Dodge car. Ropes were secured and the men from half a dozen cars gave a pull and got the car out of the ditch Sunday evening.

PRICE LIST OF ARMY FOOD SALE

Washington, Aug. 8.—The war department made public today a complete list on all subsistence stores available for sale to the public through the parcel post or through municipal selling agencies.

Costs of the commodities to the government, the department said, had been disregarded entirely in fixing the prices of sale which are materially lower than prevailing market rates.

Thirteen Zones
The prices quoted are f. o. b., and from storage points in each of the thirteen districts into which the country is divided for war department subsistence purposes. The department is now redistributing the food supplies in the thirteen areas in order that each may have its proportion per population of the 72 articles offered for public sale.

Although only 72 food samples are enumerated in the price list, the itemized quotations owing to the variety of packing are quite lengthy. Quotations on some of the leading commodities are:

Bacon 25 Cents
Bacon \$4.15 per can of 17 pounds, corned beef \$5 for can 1.36 pounds, baked beans 5c for can of 1 1-4 pounds, sweet corn 10c per 2 1-4 pound can, dry beans \$6.49 per 100 pounds, crackers 5 and 6c a pound, army flour \$5 per \$100 pounds, macaroni 7c per 1 1-2 pounds, rolled oats 12c per two pound, seeded raisins 10 cents per pound, rice \$6.74 per 100 pounds, tomatoes 9c per two-pound can, and white cornmeal, \$3.50 per 100 pounds.

The price tables include the price per can or individual units in each case and also the price per case or larger container. It also shows the gross weight per can and per case in order that the public may arrive at the price they will have to pay by adding parcel post rates from the nearest distributing point to the home of the consumer to the f. o. b. prices quoted.

TROOPS IN REVOLT

Recorded Cases of Mutiny in British Army.

Have Been Rare in Recent Years, Though War Office Archives Contain Accounts of Uprisings That Were Serious.

With the exception of the recent demobilization troubles, mutinous demonstrations by soldiers of the British army have been, happily, rare in modern times, though they were not by any means infrequent in the bad old days of the lash and the triangle.

One of the most serious of these outbreaks was that which occurred in the Black Watch, over 100 years ago, in connection with which three men were shot in the moat of the tower of London.

The duke of Wellington had to deal, too, with several of these outbreaks during the Peninsular war, and his methods, for the most part, were equally drastic.

It was his way, however, to deal lightly with mere petulant outbursts. Thus, when the Twelfth Lancers misbehaved in the summer of 1812 by refusing to turn out for church parade, he decreed that the entire regiment should be paraded every evening at 10 o'clock, and stand at attention during the playing of five hymns by the band.

No limit was set to the duration of the order, and the custom, as it eventually became, was continued up to 1912, when it was abolished, after having lasted exactly 100 years.

Far more serious notice was taken by the authorities of a mutiny which broke out among the Nineteenth Hussars at the Curragh camp in November, 1877. The trouble began through discontent with certain officers in connection with extra duty. No fewer than 75 of the malcontents were arrested and tried before a general courtmartial, the sentences ranging from five to eight years' penal servitude.

Very tragic was the outcome of a mutiny which broke out among the garrison of Malta in April, 1807. The malcontents seized Fort Ricasoli, overlooking the grand harbor, where they were besieged by loyal troops. Eventually, rather than surrender, they fired the magazine and all perished.

Probably, however, the most dangerous instance of wholesale disaffection occurred in 1859 among the British troops then serving in India. The disaffected men had enlisted to serve in the Old East India company. Yet, when the company ceased to exist, these men, by a stroke of the pen, were incorporated into the regular British army.

They objected, and regiment after regiment refused to obey orders. In the end the government was compelled to accede to their demands, when some 10,000 men claimed their discharge, and were sent home to England.

Death of Queen Bees in England
Beekeeping in England was badly hit by the war, for the scarcity of sugar made it impossible to supply the hives with syrup for winter feeding. It is estimated that owing to this and other war causes, the bee population of England has been reduced by 75 per cent. Last year, in spite of the war, England paid nearly fourteen million dollars for imported honey, so now the food production department of the government has decided to import queen bees from Italy and in other ways help to restore the industry.

Father's Way of Economizing.
As a general thing, father's favorite way of economizing is to stop the children from spending.—Dallas News.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

Always Something New At "Murphy's" Smart Shop

Our Buyers:---Are now in the Eastern Markets. Watch for the Pretty Things.

Murphy's
THE STORE OF QUALITY

TROOPS IN REVOLT

Recorded Cases of Mutiny in British Army.

Have Been Rare in Recent Years, Though War Office Archives Contain Accounts of Uprisings That Were Serious.

With the exception of the recent demobilization troubles, mutinous demonstrations by soldiers of the British army have been, happily, rare in modern times, though they were not by any means infrequent in the bad old days of the lash and the triangle.

One of the most serious of these outbreaks was that which occurred in the Black Watch, over 100 years ago, in connection with which three men were shot in the moat of the tower of London.

The duke of Wellington had to deal, too, with several of these outbreaks during the Peninsular war, and his methods, for the most part, were equally drastic.

It was his way, however, to deal lightly with mere petulant outbursts. Thus, when the Twelfth Lancers misbehaved in the summer of 1812 by refusing to turn out for church parade, he decreed that the entire regiment should be paraded every evening at 10 o'clock, and stand at attention during the playing of five hymns by the band.

No limit was set to the duration of the order, and the custom, as it eventually became, was continued up to 1912, when it was abolished, after having lasted exactly 100 years.

Far more serious notice was taken by the authorities of a mutiny which broke out among the Nineteenth Hussars at the Curragh camp in November, 1877. The trouble began through discontent with certain officers in connection with extra duty. No fewer than 75 of the malcontents were arrested and tried before a general courtmartial, the sentences ranging from five to eight years' penal servitude.

Very tragic was the outcome of a mutiny which broke out among the garrison of Malta in April, 1807. The malcontents seized Fort Ricasoli, overlooking the grand harbor, where they were besieged by loyal troops. Eventually, rather than surrender, they fired the magazine and all perished.

Probably, however, the most dangerous instance of wholesale disaffection occurred in 1859 among the British troops then serving in India. The disaffected men had enlisted to serve in the Old East India company. Yet, when the company ceased to exist, these men, by a stroke of the pen, were incorporated into the regular British army.

They objected, and regiment after regiment refused to obey orders. In the end the government was compelled to accede to their demands, when some 10,000 men claimed their discharge, and were sent home to England.

Death of Queen Bees in England
Beekeeping in England was badly hit by the war, for the scarcity of sugar made it impossible to supply the hives with syrup for winter feeding. It is estimated that owing to this and other war causes, the bee population of England has been reduced by 75 per cent. Last year, in spite of the war, England paid nearly fourteen million dollars for imported honey, so now the food production department of the government has decided to import queen bees from Italy and in other ways help to restore the industry.

Father's Way of Economizing.
As a general thing, father's favorite way of economizing is to stop the children from spending.—Dallas News.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

Major-General First Pupil
in New Army College



At the opening of the Camp Dix Army College, Major-General H. C. Hale, commandant of the cantonment, was the first pupil to enroll. He will take the course in motor mechanics. The entire equipment, including the text books for the two buildings set aside for the college were given by the Knights of Columbus.

Dangers of Hot Weather

Anyone is doubly liable to ill effects from the hot sun when stomach and bowels are clogged with a mass of undigested food. If you suffer from sick headache, biliousness, bloating, "heaviness" or any ill caused by indigestion take a Foley Cathartic Tablet and you will feel better in the morning. H. P. Dunn. mwf

Floor for Dancing.

A floor wanted for dancing should be swept and scrubbed, and when thoroughly dry well sprinkled with powdered boracic acid, which should be rubbed in thoroughly. The children of the house may with advantage be allowed to dance on it.

He Was Almost Past Going

"I suffered with kidney trouble for three years," writes D. Bell, St. James City, Fla., "and for six months I have been almost past going. I began taking Foley Kidney Pills, and before I used two bottles my pains were all gone." Relieve backache, rheumatic pains, stiff, swollen joints, sore muscles. H. P. Dunn. mwf

Crow Wing County Travelers

Will Find a Warm Welcome at

"THE WEST"
Minneapolis

Service Our Watch Word

Why Carry Coal and Chop Wood

Get an Oil Stove and be
Comfortable

It is the proper way to cook

See our OIL COOK
STOVE. One to three
Burner with detachable
Ovens.

These are Reliable
and Cheap. Selling for
\$13. and \$17.50. Ovens
for \$3.50 to \$4.75.

Slipp-Gruenhagen Co.

The Store of Dependable Hardware

Phone 104 217-219 Seventh St. S.

ADVICE IS THE MOST WORTH-
LESS COMMODITY IN THE
WORLD. THOSE WHO MIGHT PRO-
FIT BY IT DON'T NEED IT, AND
THOSE WHO DO NEED IT WON'T
PROFIT BY IT--IF THEY COULD,
THEY WOULDN'T NEED IT.

THE BRAINERD DISPATCH
JOB PRINTING THAT PLEASES
DISPATCH BUILDING., SIXTH STREET, SOUTH

Fishing Prizes

Big Bass gets \$10.00 Heddon Pole
Big Walleyed Pike gets \$7.00 Hed-
don Pole.

First Bass over five pound gets
\$1.00 artificial bait.

Contest runs until Oct. 15, 1919.

For information see

WHITE BROTHERS

Telephone 57 :-: 616 Laurel St.

The DISPATCH ADS Bring YOU Business

WOMAN'S REALM

YOUR FACE
MADE OVERBy MARGARET ROHE
(Written for the United Press)

Oh Beauty Does since you can now aspire,
To grasp some sorry face or two entire,
How you do shatter, skin a bit and then
Remold it nearer to the heart's desire.

New York, Aug. 8.—Really it's getting to be quite the thing to have one's face done over every season or so—quite like one has the house or the limousine refinished and redecorated, don't you know? Only when it comes to face values, it certainly takes a bit of doing.

If Charles V or Philip II of Spain could only peep in on one of our up-to-date beauty parlors in full operation, they'd blush for very shame over the puerile and feeble accomplishments of their erstwhile inquisitorial torture chambers. Skinning 'em alive was one of their particular pet pastimes. Nowadays, however, fragile females suffer a skinning as a mere incident in their frenzied seeking for pulchritude. They turn one cheek and then the other to prove that beauty is only skin deep. With the aid of a skilled beauty expert, several assistants, some acid and a bit of slow agony, they shed a weather-beaten epidermis for a peaches and cream new babeskin and call it a well spent day. If you are contemplating a skinning, however, it were well to count on more than a union day. A few hours will see you skinned all right, but you will still have to do a bit of time and a bit of suffering in the privacy of your boudoir before your face is quite itself in its brand new cuticle.

Then there's the fatal double chin, the dreaded crows-foot and all the other ills that beauty's heir too. If you don't object to a snip here and a slash there and a bit of plain and fancy sewing, these can all be put quite out of countenance. Some of our best known movie idols and idol-ettes have had gussets and gores and tucks and French seams taken in their physiognomies, till there isn't even a poor little elusive laugh wrinkle left among the lot.

As yet this facial surgery and wrinkle removing science is in its infancy, but among the theatrical profession it has undoubtedly proved a great success. With the perfection that time and experience and experiments always add, it will soon become as common a thing to have your face done over as to have your crooked teeth straightened up into plump.

A bit of butchery changed the map of Europe and now a bit of butchery will do the same for Milady's map. All the wonders the surgeons performed during the war on the unfortunate jaw and face victims of the Hun atrocities will now be turned to the account of the willing female victims, eager to suffer in the cause of pulchritude. This new method of cutting and lifting the skin and drawing it up over the temples and forehead to eliminate wrinkles and puffs about the eyes, the elliptical incisions and sutures and such like to abolish a superfluity of chins certainly has it all over that recently exploited method of filling up the finish, a sort of a lump jaw was the oftener result obtained.

Though our old friends Charlie V and Phil, II would undoubtedly feel quite at home among the fiendish paraphernalia attendant upon the process of turning perfectly good straight hair into the crooked path of the curly, the permanent wave process is really not as bad as it looks or smells. So greatly has it been perfected since its first invention that now it is as simple and painless as a manicure. Sometimes of course you do get a bit "het" up in the scalp and feel as if some love locks were being plucked out by the roots, but on the other hand and oft times both some of our best little manicures gouge out corners and go to bloody lengths on the cuticle, so there you are.

To be sure it takes a lot of cash and a lot of fortitude, but if you don't weaken you can week-end at a beauty parlor these days, going in a plain Jane and emerging a perfect Mary Pickford.

With so much beauty right ready just for the pay and pain, you can't help thinking that the years to come will be so cloyed and surfeited with just one beauty after another that an ordinary au naturel girl with a wrinkle or a chin or two will stand out refreshingly amidst so much pulchritude, like an oasis in the Sahara. Just as a gamble, I think I'll leave my little old last year's face alone and see.

American Students
Wed Britains Girls

(By United Press)

London. (By Mail).—American soldier-students at British universities are doing something else besides studying. They are negotiating entangling alliances between U. S. male citizenry and the gentler sex of Britain. In other words, they are marrying English, Scotch, Irish and Welsh girls wherever they happen to be quartered by the army educational authorities.

According to the "American Soldier-Student," the organ of the student detachment of the U. S. army in Great Britain, ten marriages with British girls have occurred among the detachment at University College, while other detachments at Oxford, Cambridge, and elsewhere are not very far behind. There are between six and seven hundred American students in London, and Edinburgh has nearly as many. Nine weddings are reported from Edinburgh, and there is hardly a town in which students have spent the last three months that cannot report an Anglo-American wedding.

Germany Expects
U. S. Musicians

By JOHN GRAUDENZ

(United Press Staff Correspondent.)

Berlin (By Mail).—Musical circles in Berlin and Dresden expect a great influx of American musicians as soon as enough time has elapsed to allow whatever rancor may be felt in that country against the Germans, and providing the United States government places no restrictions upon such emigration.

The belief prevails here that it will be but a short time before art relations between the two countries will be resumed with greater energy of purpose than before the war.

"I am sure it will take time to bring this about," declared August Spanuth, well known musical critic today, "but I believe that the American musical public will come to a realization that art is above personal and nationalistic hatred."

"The Germans produced many of Shakespeare's tragedies while the war was on, just as they played Verdi's operas and Sousa's marches. I believe the American people have too much common sense to neglect the study of German music. It would mean cutting into their own flesh."

"Of course they might, for some time, study only French and Italian music, but they will have to come to Germany sooner or later. They will find it impossible to be without German music, and will soon want to hear Wagnerian operas again."

"Peace has been signed; let us have peace, then—at least so far as music is concerned."

Birthday Party

A group of young people surprised Miss Olive Jones at her home, 323 South Vine street, on the 20th anniversary of her birth, Aug. 8.

Games and dancing were enjoyed, and after lunch, Miss Jones was presented with a beautiful manicure set by her friends.

"Buds of Promise"

The Buds of Promise class of the Evangelical Sunday school in N. E. were entertained at the home of Miss Lois Northrup Friday evening. All had a delightful time.

Luther League

The Luther League society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet this evening at the church basement. The Misses Anna Erickson, Alice Anderson, Isabelle Wordin and Goldie Hedlund will entertain. All members are expected to be present.

Y. P. A. Meeting

The senior Y. P. A. of the Evangelical church in Northeast Brainerd will hold their regular monthly business meeting at 8 o'clock this evening in the church. All members are requested to be present.

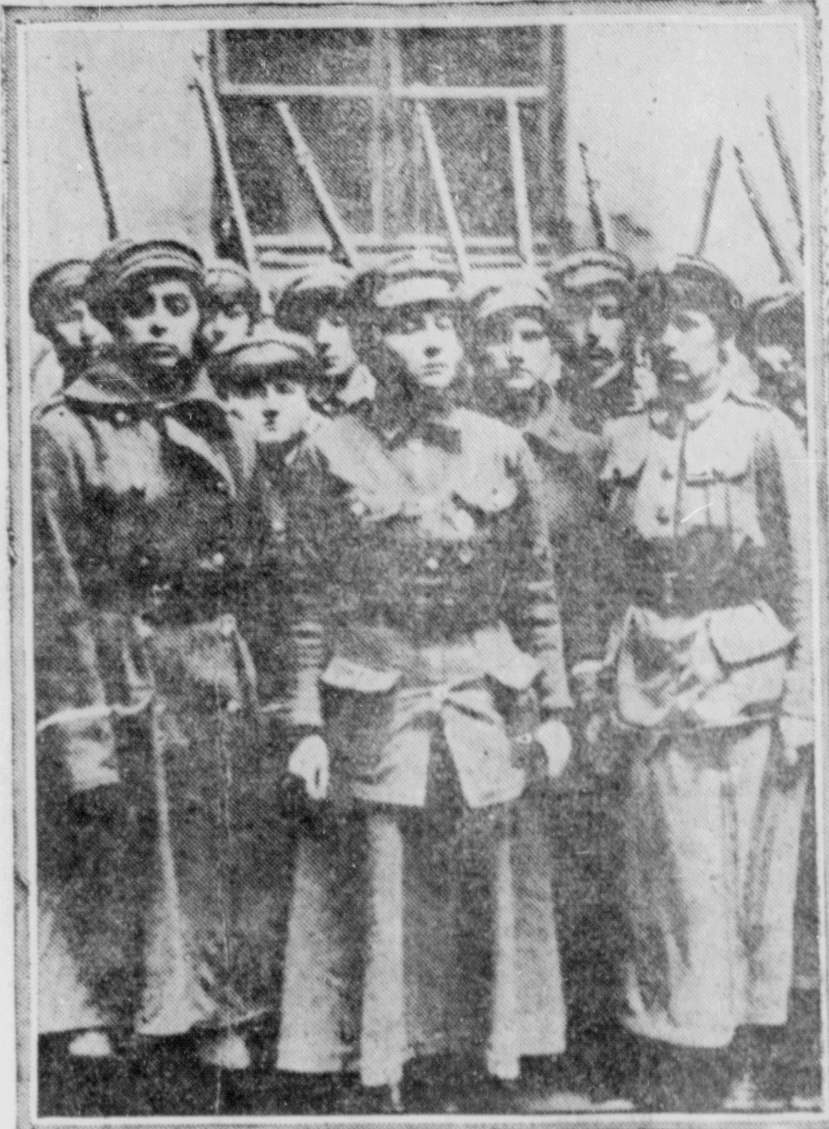
A Grateful Woman's Story

Mrs. Robert Blair, 461 S. 20th St., Terre Haute, Ind., writes "After taking Foley Kidney Pills a few weeks I found my kidney trouble gradually disappearing. The back-aches stopped and I am also free from those tired spells and headaches, and my vision is no longer blurred." They stop rheumatic pains. H. P. Dunn. mwf

New Oil Substitute.

A factory has been started in Sweden for extracting oil from schist, thus adding one more to the number of substitutes already on the market. Large quantities of alum schist are found in the district, yielding benzine and crude oils.

Poland's Own Women's Battalion of Death



Women members of the Polish army who helped defeat the Ukrainian army in a severe battle in Lemberg in which they lost many of their number. The photograph shows the leading women commanders.

GREAT IN HISTORY

And Wondrously Beautiful Is the City of Lisbon.

Portuguese Capital Has Had Many Names Through the Centuries—Was Last Stronghold of the Moor in That Country.

The way of a name, especially a well-known name, is interesting to very many people outside the ranks of the confirmed etymologist. The strange way in which, through the centuries, a name, gradually changes and changes until it has really changed out of all casual recognition, yet never quite parts from its original, has a fascination all its own. Lisbon is a very first-class example. No one, off-hand, would think of connecting the name with Ulysses, and yet your etymologist dives into the subject and so connects it without apparent difficulty.

Every one, of course, knows the legend that Lisbon owes its origin to Ulysses. It makes no difference that the mythical city founded by the great wanderer is declared by Strabo to have been rather in the mountains of Turdetania, in the extreme south of Spain. Such contentions never make any difference to a well-established tradition. And so the oldest name by which the city ever was known, that is to say Olisipo, came to be written Ulyssippo. This on Phoenician lips, says the authority, appeared as Alisubho, or the friendly bay. Then came the Romans, changing the name, but sealing their appreciation of the happy situation of the beautiful city on the heights above Tagus by calling it Felicitas Julia. After the Romans came the Moors with their Al Aschbuna, still carrying out the same idea, and after the Moors, the Portuguese, with the Alisubho of the Phoenician carried a step further, and appearing as Lissabona. From that to the Lisbon or Lisbon of today is but a step.

And what a history there is in it! It carries one safely through the centuries, touching lightly on the story of Phoenician, Roman and Moor as each, in turn, held sway along the shores of Friendly bay. Lisbon, indeed, was the last stronghold of the Moor in Portugal, and the story of how King Alfonso I laid siege to it through many months, in 1147, and, at last, with the aid of English and Flemish cruisers on the way to Syria captured it, is one of the great romances of history. Other landmarks and epochs in the history of Lisbon are the burning of the city by the Castilian army of Henry II, in 1373; its period of splendor and greatness in the sixteenth century, when the Portuguese empire was spreading itself into India and Africa; its long years of humiliation from 1580 to 1640, when Lisbon was a provincial town under Spanish rule; its release from the Spanish bondage; the great earthquake of 1755; and the grand rebuilding of the city under the famous Caravhalho.

Caravhalho had a gracious task: Lisbon has always been famous for the beauty of its situation, and few who write about Portugal today fail to attempt, once again, to convey the beauties of its blue waters, its white, red-roofed houses, the wonderful verdure of its gardens, and over all the "peerless blue of a southern sky." "The eyes rest," says one writer, "upon a succession of amphitheatres built up with tier upon tier of houses, great and small, which the sorcery of Lusitanian sunlight transfigures into the semblance of a city of palaces and many mansions built up of marbles of delicate and varied hues." The westernmost of European capitals spreads itself in leisurely fashion over five hills, extending for more than five miles along the shores of the famous Rada de Lisbon, and for more than three miles inland. Beyond the narrow channel leading out of the Rada through which flow the waters of the Tagus lies the open sea, and some 800 miles away over the horizon to the west are the Azores, Christian Science Monitor.

WHY SADNESS IN OLD AGE?

Too True That the Two Things Are Frequently Associated, but Should Not Be.

It is a common belief that as a person advances in years he becomes not only a wiser but a sadder man. That one should gain knowledge as he grows older is thoroughly in order, but that he should become increasingly burdened with the cares of life and saddened because of hopes that have not been fulfilled is not a necessary condition.

It is true that the clouds that gather about the setting sun do take a sober coloring from an eye that has kept watch in man's mortality, to paraphrase Wordsworth a bit, and that the thought of constantly lessening activity and prospects which age entails is enough to make one pause and consider. But consideration that goes far enough will reveal that all time, whether of this world or another, is an unending opportunity for progression.

After all, the whole matter of age is something that has to do with the mind rather than the body. And when the body begins to fail, when gray hairs appear, the step becomes less springy, sleep more difficult and joy in things that used to please an impossibility, sadness should not be the result.

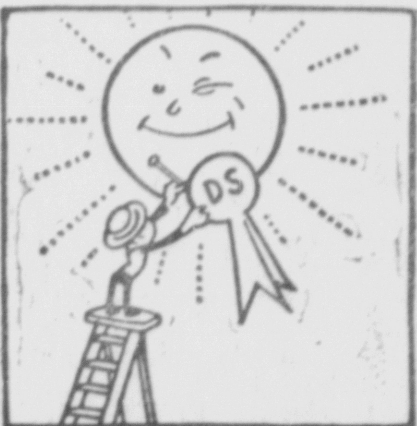
The mind is a great crucible which receives and transfigures in some fashion impressions from all the objects and facts of life. The will is the master which determines what the transfiguration shall be. A man can let his will relax or he can keep it active, regardless of age. He can make of his existence a heaven or a hell, whether he be old or young, rich or poor, in a favored spot of the earth, on desert soil or fallen on evil days.

Exercise of the will cannot at last stave off death, and it may not induce prolonged health or material welfare. But it can aid in all these things, and entirely regardless of its material accomplishments, the will that is kept properly on the alert can lead him in hope.

"Oh, well for him whose will is strong." For him whose will is weak, or rather allowed to become weak, there is joy neither in a sunset nor a sunrise. And even the bright light of noonday will only dazzle and bewilder, rather than encourage and inspire.

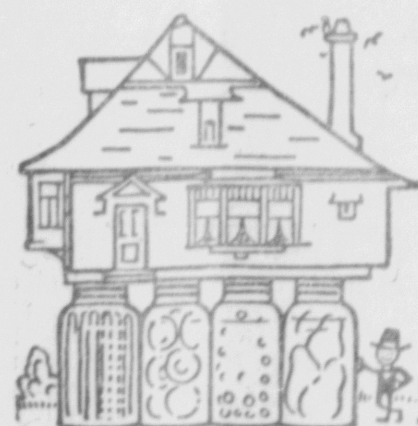
The strong will sees endlessly, "beyond the sunset and the paths of all the western stars." It strengthens a man in hope and leads him to see unlimited possibilities as the years pass. Sadness is the last thing that ought to characterize age.—Kansas City Star.

OLD PAPERS—5c BUNDLE



HE'LL DO HIS PART

Will you do yours in the garden asks the National War Garden Commission, of Washington, which offers you a garden book for a two-cent stamp to pay postage.



A FOOD FOUNDATION

For a house it beats them all says the National War Garden Commission, of Washington, so plant so you can.



RAIN IS YOUR FRIEND

Put it to work says the National War Garden Commission, of Washington, which will send you a garden book for a two-cent stamp to pay postage.



Talk your Victory Garden message to the world says the National War Garden Commission, of Washington, to every gardener.



SURE! ALL KINDS!

Anyone can learn how to grow beans and beets. The National War Garden Commission, Washington, for two-cent stamp will send anyone a free garden book.



DON'T LET IT STOP YOU

Nothing could stop the boys at Chateau Thierry, says the National War Garden Commission, of Washington, so get into the war for food.



Now Try Nydenla Tooth Paste

Just by way of experiment. Possibly you favor a paste form already. However, here is a tooth paste that is unusual from a scientific standpoint, in its ability to provide a true prophylactic and destroy the germs in the mouth. As a cleanser and polisher it has no equal. Altogether it is a desirable purchase, particularly because it is sold in a larger than usual tube.

MEET AND TREAT AT OUR FOUNTAIN

See the Celebrated

THOR Electric Washer

At the

Brainerd Hardware Store

721 Laurel St.

Slipp Block

Dispatch Want Ads

PRICE—One cent a word. If paid in advance one-half cent a word for subsequent insertions.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Lady cook and waitress at Dairy Lunch. 7055-5416

WANTED—Second cook at N. P. hospital. 7056-5416

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Central Hotel. 7056-5916

WANTED—A fireman or engineer. Permanent position to right man. Model Laundry. 7023-4916

WANTED—Girl or woman for general housework. Wages \$30 per month. J. E. O'Brien at D. M. Clark & Co. 7050-5316

WANTED—Good strong boy able to milk or willing to learn. Thomas Bassett, Rt. 3, Phone 22-F-310. 7000-4716

WANTED—Tailor for repair work, also machine presser. E. W. Johnson & Co., Alexandria, Minn. 7076-5713

50 MEN WANTED—At once to work on big job of land clearing east of Pine River. Inquire of Ed Donald, Contractor, Pine River, Minn. 6923-3716

WANTED—Lady second cook, dining room and kitchen girl, at Mannick's Restaurant, 213 S. 6th St. Good wages, 8 hours. 7084-5816

CENSUS CLERKS (men and women) 4000 needed. \$92 month. Age, 18 upward. Experience unnecessary. For free particulars of examinations, write Raymond Terry, former government examiner, 1427 Continental Bldg., Washington. 7083-5813

SALESMAN WANTED—Money on the side comes in handy nowadays. Why not increase your income to meet high cost of living? Experience and capital not necessary. You don't have to leave your present work. Sell our Special Ideal Accident and Sickness policy. Write at once for proposition. Eastern Casualty Insurance Co., Canton, Illinois. 7085-5913m

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Ford racer. Melville Bredenberg. 7003-4716

FOR SALE—25 pure bred white Leghorn Cockerels. Price right. 929 So. 8th St. 7087-5914

FOR SALE—Continued

FOR SALE—Ford truck, 1917 model, first class condition. 415 Oak St. 7079-5713

FOR SALE—Heater, range and other furniture. 416 North Broadway. 7075-5716p

FOR SALE—Household furniture, 904 Front St. 7074-5616

FOR SALE—One Model 69 Overland in good condition, \$375.00. The Sherland Co. 6896-3416

FOR SALE—Lake cottage at Merrifield. First reasonable offer takes it. E. Scott, Merrifield. 7057-5416

FOR SALE—Hay, half tame, half blue joint and red top, mixed with timothy and clover, \$22.50. Guy T. Baker, Oak Lawn. 7061-5516p

FOR SALE—Three fine cleared, level lots in Northeast Brainerd, for sale cheap. No tax title. W. F. Wieland, First National Bank Bldg. 6658-30416

FOR SALE—Ford one ton truck 1916 model, in first class running order. Will sell for \$400, or trade for land. G. Dancer, Trommald, Minn. 7080-5713

FOR SALE—Bargain if taken at once, entire stock of bread up Jerseys. Coffee business has got so large cannot give my time to them. Act quick. Guy T. Baker, Oak Lawn. 7062-5516p

FOR SALE—Improved farm of 53 acres in section 13, township 45, range 30. A bargain if taken at once. For particulars address Chas. Britton, Brainerd, Minn., Route No. 2. 7089-5916

MISCELLANEOUS

LOST—A white knitted shawl with fringe, about two yards long. Return to this office. 7068-5516

FOUND—Mackinaw coat. Owner claim at Dispatch office, pay ad 25 cents. 7077-5713

FOUND—Hat. Claim, pay ad 15c. Dispatch. 7078-5713

LOST—Crank for Willys Knight car. Return to Bredenberg for reward. 7090-5913

WANT ADS
Telephone 74

THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

By the Brainerd Dispatch Co.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
 One Month, by carrier \$1.50
 Three Months, by carrier 4.50
 One Year, by carrier 16.00
 One Year, by mail, outside city 18.00
 Weekly Dispatch, per year \$1.50
 All subscriptions payable in advance

Advertising Rates Made Known on Application

Office in Dispatch Building, Sixth St. Se.

Entered at the post office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

MONDAY, AUGUST 11, 1919.



WORLD TOO MUCH WITH US

Writer Questions Whether Mankind as a Whole Does Not Neglect the Best Investments.

A thoughtful American who lost his life when the Lusitania was sunk, remarked as he awaited his fate with calmness that "Death is the most beautiful adventure in life." It was a singularly impressive utterance which was wired around the world, and it is still remembered and treasured in hosts of hearts.

A tombstone in Flanders bears the words of another reflective American, Dinwiddie Ely, a soldier from Chicago. With what seemed a premonition that the supreme sacrifice was at hand, he gave the world a thought comparable in interest and significance with that of Charles Frohman, when he wrote in his last letter to his mother that "It is an investment, not a loss, when a man dies for his country."

Both of these notable utterances sound a high note too rarely heard in our hurrying world of today. But if life is the greatest individual asset of any one of us, surely his wise investment should be our matter of greatest concern. What sort of an investment of life do we make in living selfishly for self? Can it yield an adequate return? Does the very best that it has to offer—wealth, position, power—

make it worth while? Nothing is more certainly established than that those invariably disappoint the hearts set on them; and altogether impermanent is such satisfaction as they do confer. As a matter of theory we admit, or most of us do, with Cicero, that Nature has lent us life at interest; and with Seneca, that the body is not a home but an inn. We also give nominal assent to the teaching of the faith into which we were born that life intrusts us with talents—one or more—of which we must make wise investment. We are left in no doubt as to what that investment is, yet how few of us make it, and how little thought the world as a whole gives to investments of the higher kind?

Is it not that the world is too much with us, that its investments are too alluring? Yet the soul which denies love asked of it, withholds kindness expected from it, or refuses the opportunity for sacrifice offered to it, may have world banks filled and yet be bankrupt any moment. For the only investments that cannot fail are those of sacrifice and duty done and love.—Rochester Post-Express.

To Help Roumanian Children.

Queen Marie of Roumania has drafted every household, owner of a moving picture theater, storekeeper, hotel owner and landlord in her kingdom into a national army to contribute to the support of the Roumanian Children's Relief association, which has been organized to continue permanently the work of child feeding begun by the American relief administration.

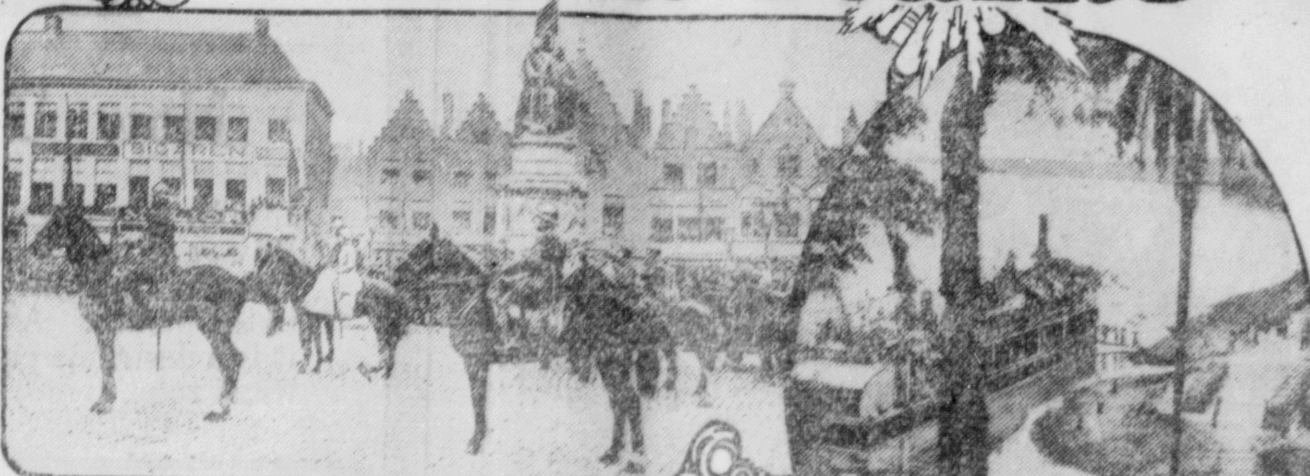
In an appeal just issued to her people, described in a cable received from Mr. Hoover in Paris at the offices of the administration, 42 Broadway, Queen Marie has requested that all Roumanian families refrain from eating dinner one day each month and contribute the amount thus saved to the funds of child relief.

The queen has requested the various classes among her subjects to contribute to the child bureau in the following manner: All stores and hotels, one-tenth of their net proceeds one day each month; all landlords owning business buildings, one-fourth of their net proceeds one day each month; all banks on an equivalent basis and churches of all denominations a share of their collections one Sunday each month.

Most Valuable Building.

The Equitable Life Insurance building of New York city has an assessed value of \$25,000,000, which is the largest tax value placed on any building.

Belgium Rising From Ruins



ENTRY OF BELGIAN KING AND QUEEN INTO RECAPTURED BRUGES—AN OFFICIAL SYMBOL OF THE RECLAIMING OF THE MARTYR COUNTRY.

By ALBERT BRETON,
 Vice President Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

At the beginning of its great task Belgium's most urgent need is for commercial and industrial credits which will enable manufacturers promptly to restore and equip their devastated plants and purchase raw materials.

In view of the relatively small national debt, Belgium is in a favorable position in bidding for credit abroad. Moreover, the indemnities should ultimately more than offset the entire war debt.

Belgium's record of superior financial and industrial achievements in the past is her surest guarantee for the future. It is the most densely populated country in the world. Having an area of 11,373 square miles (somewhat larger than Vermont and a little smaller than Maryland), Belgium supported in well-diffused comfort a population of more than 7,500,000 in 1914. An excess of immigration over emigration in recent years indicates that an average density of more than 650 inhabitants per square mile has not produced undue pressure upon the country's resources. The kingdom stood eighth among the nations, ranked according to aggregate wealth, and sixth according to total foreign trade and in commerce per capita was surpassed only by the Netherlands.

Belgium's prosperity and its high rank among the industrial nations before the war had an especially sound basis in the country's highly developed agriculture. About three-fifths of the total area was under cultivation. The average value of the produce per acre was approximately \$100, a yield equalled by no other country.

Although Belgians sold considerable quantities of foodstuffs abroad, the country is not self-supporting as regards food. The imports of liquors and foodstuffs have regularly exceeded the total exports—in 1912 by \$132,000,000. Nevertheless a domestic production annually of \$53 worth of foodstuffs for every person in the kingdom contributed greatly to the



A VIEW ON THE CONGO RIVER, PLANTATIONS OF BELGIUM'S AFRICAN COLONY.

the country's prosperous steel industry.

In keeping with the development of the iron and steel industry, there has been a significant expansion of various related lines of manufacturing, especially machine and engine works and the construction of railway equipment and automobiles. The zinc, lead, chemical, glass and textile industries are among the other more important enterprises.

The total mileage of the Belgian railways in 1912 was 5,390-2,028 miles of standard gauge roads and 2,471 miles of light, or meter gauge, roads. This was an average of 47.5 miles of line for each square mile of territory, the greatest railroad density as a whole in any country.

The Belgians have for a long time held a prominent position in international finance, the estimated volume of foreign investments in 1911 being \$540,000,000. Belgian capital is found in a great variety of enterprises almost all over the world.

In the Belgian Congo there is an asset which will prove of increasing importance in the future development of Belgium's industries. In area the colony is eighty times as large as Belgium itself. Although situated in equatorial Africa, its climate is on the whole much more salubrious than that of most tropical countries, because the greater part of the country is a comparatively high plateau. The population of the colony is variously estimated at from 10,000,000 to 15,000,000.

Since the annexation of the Congo by Belgium in 1908 industrial enterprise there has been concerned chiefly with preparation for a comprehensive and well rounded development of the colony through the exploitation of its resources—agricultural, forest and mineral.

Along with the coal resources in the southern provinces are rich deposits of iron ore, but owing in part to legal restrictions governing the extraction of these deposits the production of ore has been small for a long time. Nevertheless Belgium's fifty blast furnaces produced in 1912, chiefly from Luxembourg ores, 2,300,000 tons of pig iron. This output of iron was reflected in

strength and stability of the bases of Belgium's prosperity.

An important key to a nation's industrial progress and possibilities is its coal supply. Hitherto Belgium's domestic coal has come from the southern fields, which, with a single interruption of about four miles, extend across the kingdom. For some years before the war the output averaged about 23,000,000 tons, and until 1909 Belgium exported an excess of coal. Since 1910, however, the increased domestic consumption, due primarily to the very rapid growth of the industries, has brought about a reversal of trade conditions. The discovery of two new coal fields, one adjacent to the Netherlands border and the other in the southern part of the kingdom, promises to relieve the necessity for reliance upon imported coal in the near future.

Along with the coal resources in the southern provinces are rich deposits of iron ore, but owing in part to legal restrictions governing the extraction of these deposits the production of ore has been small for a long time. Nevertheless Belgium's fifty blast furnaces produced in 1912, chiefly from Luxembourg ores, 2,300,000 tons of pig iron. This output of iron was reflected in

strength and stability of the bases of Belgium's prosperity.

An important key to a nation's industrial progress and possibilities is its coal supply. Hitherto Belgium's domestic coal has come from the southern fields, which, with a single interruption of about four miles, extend across the kingdom. For some years before the war the output averaged about 23,000,000 tons, and until 1909 Belgium exported an excess of coal. Since 1910, however, the increased domestic consumption, due primarily to the very rapid growth of the industries, has brought about a reversal of trade conditions. The discovery of two new coal fields, one adjacent to the Netherlands border and the other in the southern part of the kingdom, promises to relieve the necessity for reliance upon imported coal in the near future.

Along with the coal resources in the southern provinces are rich deposits of iron ore, but owing in part to legal restrictions governing the extraction of these deposits the production of ore has been small for a long time. Nevertheless Belgium's fifty blast furnaces produced in 1912, chiefly from Luxembourg ores, 2,300,000 tons of pig iron. This output of iron was reflected in

strength and stability of the bases of Belgium's prosperity.

An important key to a nation's industrial progress and possibilities is its coal supply. Hitherto Belgium's domestic coal has come from the southern fields, which, with a single interruption of about four miles, extend across the kingdom. For some years before the war the output averaged about 23,000,000 tons, and until 1909 Belgium exported an excess of coal. Since 1910, however, the increased domestic consumption, due primarily to the very rapid growth of the industries, has brought about a reversal of trade conditions. The discovery of two new coal fields, one adjacent to the Netherlands border and the other in the southern part of the kingdom, promises to relieve the necessity for reliance upon imported coal in the near future.

Along with the coal resources in the southern provinces are rich deposits of iron ore, but owing in part to legal restrictions governing the extraction of these deposits the production of ore has been small for a long time. Nevertheless Belgium's fifty blast furnaces produced in 1912, chiefly from Luxembourg ores, 2,300,000 tons of pig iron. This output of iron was reflected in

strength and stability of the bases of Belgium's prosperity.

An important key to a nation's industrial progress and possibilities is its coal supply. Hitherto Belgium's domestic coal has come from the southern fields, which, with a single interruption of about four miles, extend across the kingdom. For some years before the war the output averaged about 23,000,000 tons, and until 1909 Belgium exported an excess of coal. Since 1910, however, the increased domestic consumption, due primarily to the very rapid growth of the industries, has brought about a reversal of trade conditions. The discovery of two new coal fields, one adjacent to the Netherlands border and the other in the southern part of the kingdom, promises to relieve the necessity for reliance upon imported coal in the near future.

Along with the coal resources in the southern provinces are rich deposits of iron ore, but owing in part to legal restrictions governing the extraction of these deposits the production of ore has been small for a long time. Nevertheless Belgium's fifty blast furnaces produced in 1912, chiefly from Luxembourg ores, 2,300,000 tons of pig iron. This output of iron was reflected in

strength and stability of the bases of Belgium's prosperity.

Best Theatre

Today and Tomorrow



D.W. GRIFFITH PRESENTS

"True Heart Susie"

The Story of a Plain Girl

An ARTCRAFT Picture

Another great romance by the famed creator of "Hearts of the World" and "The Birth of a Nation." A picture of smiles, tears and human appeal that goes straight to your heart.

Shows 3: 7:30 & 9:00 Adm. 10-20c

Feeding the Millions

INCREASING the food supply of the world is the most vital problem which man must solve. The burden of this solution rests heavily upon the shoulders of the farmers of America.

The service rendered by the Standard Oil Company (Indiana) in producing fuel and lubricants for the economical and efficient operation of farm machinery has made it possible for the farmer to cultivate a greater acreage, produce larger crops, and get them to market at least expense.

By maintaining its comprehensive system of distribution, the Standard Oil Company (Indiana) makes it possible for the farmer to get his requirements of petroleum products easily, regularly and quickly.

By virtue of this complete service on the part of the Standard Oil Company (Indiana), he may, literally, "make hay while the sun shines."

He is independent of the health or endurance of horses. He can plow, cultivate or harvest when these tasks should be done. He can have a complete cycle of activity, operating even by shifts, if necessary. He can plan his operations on a definite schedule to produce a steady, constant supply of farm products for you and your family.

Thus is illustrated how you benefit by the service rendered by the Standard Oil Company (Indiana) to the farmer. These are benefits accruing to the world at large which accentuate the usefulness of the Standard Oil Company (Indiana) as a public servant, and emphasize how completely it discharges its obligation as such.

Standard Oil Company
 (Indiana)

910 So. Michigan Ave., Chicago

1778

Mexican Border Still Very Wet

(By United Press)

Laredo, Tex., Aug. 11—Enforcement of nation-wide prohibition may offer a hard problem to peace officers in the inland states but their job is a sinecure to that of federal officials trying to keep the American side of the Mexican border dry.

Prohibition in the United States has offered a means of wealth to hundreds of adventurous spirits along the Rio Grande and booze smuggling is being made a fine art.

All the fiery Mexican drinks—mescal, aguardiente and tequila—sell readily in the states and smuggling is comparatively easy since the twelve hundred odd miles of border generally is sparsely settled and patrolled only by small military units.

The wily Mexican, trailing his mescal in bladders, hog skins and goat skins, wades the Rio Grande at night, disposes of his wares and is back in Mexico again long before the dawn. When the mescal lacks punch, he spikes it with red pepper, onions or drugs and the result is a knock-out which backs Jack Dempsey's uppers in the shade.

Spiked soda water is another means of avoided detection. Recently a Mexican, with a cargo of apparently harmless, pink, soda-water, was stopped by customs agents, who sampled his wares. The soda water was pink in appearance only. It's kick beat any American "Red-Eye" known.

The Test That Tells

There is only one real test for a cough remedy, and that is use. S. M. Oliver, Box 192 R. P. D. 5, Greensboro, S. C., writes: "Foley's Honey and Tar is just fine. I keep it in the house all the time. It soothes and relieves hay fever asthma, coughs, colds, croup, and bronchial affections. H. P. Dunn, mfw"

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

Elephant picnic.

An act not down on the program was given without charge the other day in the old seaport town of Marblehead, Mass., when four elephants of a small circus, named with fine all-hood patriotism General Foch, General Pershing, General Haig, and Princess Pat, jumped a stone wall, escaped the circus, and took to the woods. The personnel of the circus, acrobats, riders, clowns and canvasmen, followed, and so did many of the townspeople and half a dozen policemen, but the elephants made for the woods first and there they spent the day with a large and appreciative audience watching on the outskirts. Peanuts and bananas, usually a temptation to elephants, failed to entice them from their New England jungle; but as twilight fell, and habit suggested feeding time, the big beasts came peacefully out of the woods and allowed the trainer and his assistants to lead them back to the circus grounds. And all Marblehead went home to belated suppers.

How Laundering Affects Clothes.

After thirty washings with hard soap, soda, sodium silicate and perborate, respectively, linen and cotton textiles showed higher strength values with hard water than with soft water. With soft water sodium silicate showed a distinct injurious action on cotton and perborate was still more harmful. Goods washed with soap improve in luster and show a brilliant white color by reflected light; goods washed in soda show a strong yellow in transmitted light with a slight shade of pink; by reflected light they appear slightly gray. After washing with silicate the goods are white but quite without luster, being dull and chalky.

Torpedo Digs Own Tunnel.

Added to the list of interesting but tardy war inventions is a so-called "earth torpedo" of Canadian origin, described by Popular Mechanics Magazine. It bores its subterranean way undetected toward the enemy lines, and then explodes with great force. The burrowing operation is hydraulic. The nose of the torpedo is equipped with an ingenious boring nozzle, and takes with it a length of hose, which a pump in the trench supplies with water at 300 pounds pressure. This part of the performance is silent. In a test the device burrowed for 200 feet and then blasted out an excavation

AMUSEMENTS

At the Best Today

Robert Harron as a lanky long-necked country boy who goes to college and becomes a minister, with wise opinions about selecting a girl for a wife, but hasty and lacking judgment in doing so, plays the part of a character familiar to millions in D. W. Griffith's new Artcraft picture "True Heart Susie," which comes to the Best theatre today.

Even before he leaves for the small college, his innocent complacency at being a favorite among the girls of the small community, led him to strut and counsel with the confidence and wisdom only a boy at such an age could assume.

And when he returns from the college for his vacation, with a new suit, a moustache, and a new importance in his carriage, and grandly invites Susie to attend his royal and triumphant progress to the village grocery store in search of a "sody," Mr. Harmon makes all the world his debtor for one of the most deep-seated laughs the screen has ever offered.

Lillian Gish and Clarence Seymour play the leading women's roles. The cast generally is of the highest Griffith standard of excellence.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Medicine fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
 Sold by Druggists, 75c.
 Hall's Family Pills for constipation

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

THE DISPATCH

Prints the Best and Latest in Wedding Invitations and Announcements, Dancing Party Invitations and Programs, Programs for Recitals, Entertainments and Other Occasions, also Supper, Social, Entertainment and Dance Tickets, Milk Tickets, Etc.

We will be Pleased to Show You Samples of Our Work and Give You Our Prices. Call on Us.

The DISPATCH JOB DEPARTMENT

Dispatch Building, So. Sixth St.

Old Papers---5c a Bundle

BRAINERD 0, IRONTON 1

Pennant Leaders Defeated by Range
Town at Ironton in Fast Game
Sunday Afternoon

CLEMMENS IRONTON PITCHER

Ironton Scored in Second Inning.
Moore Coming in on Clemmens Long Drive

Ironton 1, Brainerd 0.

The pennant winners, Brainerd, were shut out by the range town team in a fast game played at Ironton Sunday afternoon. Ironton played its stars Wolfe and Pratt at the same time and reinforced the field with Kline of Crosby.

They scored their run in the second inning when Moore on a fielder's choice made first, stole second and was brought in by Clemmens's long drive into right field.

It was fast fielding on both sides with the breaks preventing scoring on the part of Brainerd. Patterson, on the mound for Brainerd, pitched well and had five assists to his credit. Benda on second accepted many difficult chances without a bobbie. In the sixth he made a fine running catch of McGarry's drive and in the eighth he garnered in Russ' liner. In the sixth Patterson, Cook and Benda got Moore when he ambled too far off first base. In the fourth Fuller and Stallman got Wolfe at second.

In the second Left Fielder Pratt made a hair raising back handed catch of Carlson's fly into his territory. In the sixth Clemmens for the first time in Central Minnesota League history struck out these batters, Fuller, Templeton and Cook in a row. Benda in the seventh inning hammered out the only two-bagger of the game. It looked good for a run, but Richardson flew out to third, Carlson out second to first and Sheffield to short. In the eighth inning Patterson and Stallman were retired on a double play Wolfe to Schmidt to Russ.

Hughes Jennings umpired and gave general satisfaction. Umpire Ball showed up after the game started. Rain came down at intervals, but did not delay playing. The crowd was large considering the weather.

The score by innings:
Brainerd 000 000 000—0
Ironton 010 000 000—1
Batteries Patterson and Fuller;
Clemmens and McGarry.

WORSHIP IN CHURCH

Rain Checks Outdoor Services.
Transferred to the Methodist Church

The rain on last evening, began at the hour of the evening park services and those who had gathered to attend the services in Gregory park went into the auditorium of the Methodist church. There was an excellent attendance despite the inclemency of the weather.

Rev. Hans J. Wolner was the speaker. He took the Bible story of the temptation and fall of man as the basis of his remarks. After he had introduced his subject he said that he was not there to answer all the whys and wherefores generally associated with the story but that he was there to give the present day application of the lesson. This he did in a most forceful manner. It was a most practical and helpful sermon.

Rev. E. A. Cooke of the Methodist church will be the speaker at the services in Gregory park on next Sunday evening.

CONFISCATED CARS

Fords and an Oakland Sold at Post-office Monday Morning by
U. S. Marshal

A sale of confiscated cars sold at auction at the postoffice doors by U. S. Marshal Joseph A. Wessell realized fairly good prices. The cars, a number of Fords and an Oakland, had been seized by E. G. Boyd, special officer of the Indian Department, when their owners were engaged in carrying contraband liquor.

The Fords brought prices ranging from \$226 to \$501. The Oakland brought close to \$450.

BIDS WANTED

Close August 16th, 1919, at 8:00 P. M. Motley, Minn.

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the Superintendent of Schools at Motley, Minnesota, for the labor and material necessary for finishing the new High School assembly room, in accordance with the plans and specifications on file at said office. The Board of Education reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

NOTICE

As my wife Hazel M. Welch, has left me, and has brought suit for a divorce, I will not be responsible for any bills she may contract from this date.

HUBERT C. WELCH.

HOME COMING AT LITTLE FALLS

Little Falls, Minn., Aug. 11—The home coming celebration in Little Falls today has excelled in magnitude anything ever held before, attracting the largest crowd in the history of the town. The parade was the biggest ever held.

The Ernster airplane was added to the attractions which include a boxing match between Mike and Tom Gibbons and other features.

SHOOTING DUCKS OUT OF SEASON

Young ducks are being shot out of season at Rice Bed 33 near Ironton, said Ironton people. They are exasperated over the offenses and will seek the deputy game warden's aid to put a stop to it.

There are also reports of illegal seining in the vicinity of Ironton, which will also be given the game warden for investigation.

FIGHTING MARINE BACK SOON

Erick Bruhn, Decorated for Bravery.
Expected Home on This Wednesday

Erick Bruhn, a regular "devil dog" decorated for war service in the Marines and who was in the biggest battles of the western front, is expected home Wednesday, being his first visit in three years with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Bruhn.

Young Bruhn carried dispatches between army wings sprayed with machine gun and shrapnel, hopping from shell hole to shell hole for three days.

Salvation Army Outdoor Speakers
The Salvation Army drive in Brainerd will be formally launched Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock when the Brainerd City band will play at Sixth and Front streets, and Capt. Signe Saunders, a Brainerd girl cited for heroism, and an outside speaker will give addresses.

Capt. Saunders, near front line fire served thousands of soldiers with her famous doughnuts and pies and sustained the men's morale.

DEATH OF SECTION FOREMAN

James Magee of Deerwood Passed Away Sunday at a Local Hospital

James Magee, section foreman of Deerwood who suffered the loss of both legs at the knee when he was accidentally run over at Deerwood, died at a local hospital Sunday about a week after the accident. He was 62 years old and leaves a wife and family. His aged father lives in Superior, Wis. Mr. Magee was born in Ottawa, Canada, and spent the past forty years in America. He belonged to the Methodist church.

The accident which terminated in his death occurred in the Deerwood yards. Magee, seated on a cinder car, fell under the wheels when a switching crew was spotting the car.

RESUMED PRACTICE

Dr. G. H. Ribbel, Recently Returned From Army, Associated with
Dr. J. L. Frederick

Dr. G. H. Ribbel, recently released from the army, has returned to Brainerd and resumed his practice with Dr. J. L. Frederick, First National Bank Building. Dr. Ribbel has served two years in the army as a dentist, eleven months of his service being in France. For the past several weeks he has been taking post graduate work at the University of Minnesota, College of Dentistry. His office has recently been newly furnished with thoroughly modern equipment.

BLAST WRECKED SHIP.
ELEVATOR, KILLS 5
Concrete Building of 2,250,000 Tons
Capacity Destroyed—Fragments Hurlled a Mile

Port Colburn, Ont. Aug. 9—Five persons were killed, four are missing and a score were injured in an explosion which destroyed an elevator at the entrance to the Welland canal here late today.

The elevator, a concrete structure with a capacity of 2,250,000 tons, was completely destroyed, with the steamer Quebec, which was unloading grain alongside.

After the explosion, flames shot 100 feet into the air, while charred grain and wreckage were blown a mile and a half from the spot. Included among the missing are eight members of the crew of the Quebec.

\$175,000 in Grain Destroyed by Fire
Philadelphia, Aug. 9—More than 200,000 bushels of grain, mostly oats, valued at about \$170,000, was destroyed by fire late today at the of the Keystone Elevator and Warehouse company.

HAVE CHALLENGED IRONTON FOR SERIES

Brainerd and Ironton to Play Best Two Out of Three Games in Series Arranged

START AT BRAINERD AUGUST 17

Second Game at Ironton Home Coming Celebration, Friday August 22nd

As a series with Stillwater of the Interstate League could not be arranged, Brainerd has perfected arrangements with Ironton for a series of games, best two out of three, which will be played on this schedule August 17—Sunday game at Koering grounds in Brainerd.

August 22—Brainerd at Ironton's big Home Coming celebration.

August 24—Third game, if needed, on grounds to be decided upon later. Brainerd, it is asserted, will load up for the league season has finished. Its hitting strength will be increased.

FIRST AIR FLIGHT TO BRAINERD

(Continued from page 1)

ried by the Ernster airplane was Dr. Joseph Nicholson, president of the Northwestern Medical & Surgical Association which will operate the Northwestern hospital as a general hospital. The doctor described the trip as one of a most enjoyable sensation, as they were skimming about the air like a huge bird.

First Lady Passenger

Mrs. D. E. Whitney was the first lady passenger carried. She was all excitement when she landed and said she would like to live up there. No thought of danger entered her mind and she said the machine was as steady as a ship at sea.

Others Carried

John F. Woodhead was a passenger. He said going up and riding around was fine, but the spiral descent with which he was favored upset him a little and to his mind it appeared like the earth and a cloud of barns and houses and haystacks was coming out to meet him. However, he quickly regained his equilibrium and said it was a great experience.

Henry Rosko of Rosko Brothers rode in the plane and said she sailed clean and steady and the air seemed to offer fewer navigating difficulties than some roads he had covered on earth.

G. F. Mitchell praised the stability of the machine and the ability of the pilot. H. J. Ernster of Deerwood, brother of J. P. Ernster, was given a trip over the countryside and Brainerd.

Sunday Flights

Sunday flights were essayed in the late afternoon and evening and throughout Brainerd and the countryside necks were craned watching the airplane. In some sections the evening's milking was seriously delayed. Cars lined Oak street road and collisions were narrowly averted, drivers gluing their eyes on the air flight and forgetting their own cars.

Costs Something to Run It

The eight cylinder engine has an appetite for gas, getting away with 18 gallons an hour it is said.

Flew to Little Falls

At 10 o'clock Monday morning, following telephone calls from Little Falls, the airplane called to that town to take part in the home coming celebration. Mr. Ernster was offered \$100 for flight and exhibition there and the machine was sent to that town.

Back to Brainerd Soon

Within two weeks or so Mr. Ernster will return to Brainerd. He will motor back to Minneapolis Tuesday. He is a captain of the aerial division of the Minnesota motor corps section and was at Moose Lake in charge of rescue work during the forest fires of last October.

You Need Not Travel

It is safe to say that as many persons have secured relief from hay fever and asthma at home by taking Foley's Honey and Tar as have been benefited by going to health resorts. It heals and soothes the choking, "stuffed-up" sensation. Good for all colds, coughs and croup. Contains no opiates. H. P. Dunn. mwf

"H. C. of L." in Nelson's Day.

The returned soldier, who is disgusted to find how horribly dear everything is, will enjoy this story of Horatio Nelson.

The admiral was dining with Beckford, the author of "Vathek," and a very rich man. Owing to the great scarcity of wheat, even such folk often denied themselves bread at dinner. Lord Nelson asked for bread, and when told by a servant that bread was not served at Mr. Beckford's table, he looked angry, drew from his pocket a shilling, and sent his own servant to buy a loaf, observing that, having fought for his bread, he was not going to be denied it by his fellow countrymen.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

Help Yourself Pick Them Up

We will tell you something most interesting very soon in this space. Watch for it and be sure to read it. It will be a money saving item.

H. F. Michael Co.

HIS FAME SECURE

Emmett Immortalized Himself by
Single Song.

Writer of "Dixie" Ranks With Rouget de l'Isle, Composer of "La Marseillaise," Most Famous of Martial Hymns.

A man died in Ashtabula, Ohio, recently who has done much to perpetuate the memory of Daniel Decatur Emmett, the man who wrote "Dixie." James Lewis Smith was his name. He was a wealthy bachelor whose fad was building monuments. After his death blueprints of a memorial to American sailors and soldiers who fought in the late war were found on his desk. The monument, however, that will give him lasting fame is the one erected in honor of Emmett, at Mount Vernon, Ohio, where Emmett was born, and where he now lies buried.

Smith's interest in Emmett has brought to light many interesting things about the origin of "Dixie" and about Emmett himself. It is interesting from the viewpoint of how a man may spring into fame almost overnight without knowing just why, and also from the viewpoint of what constitutes a popular song. In after years Emmett said to an old Mount Vernon friend: "If I had known that 'Dixie' was destined to become so popular I would have written it better." But then maybe he might have polished it so much that it would have lost its appeal. Who knows?

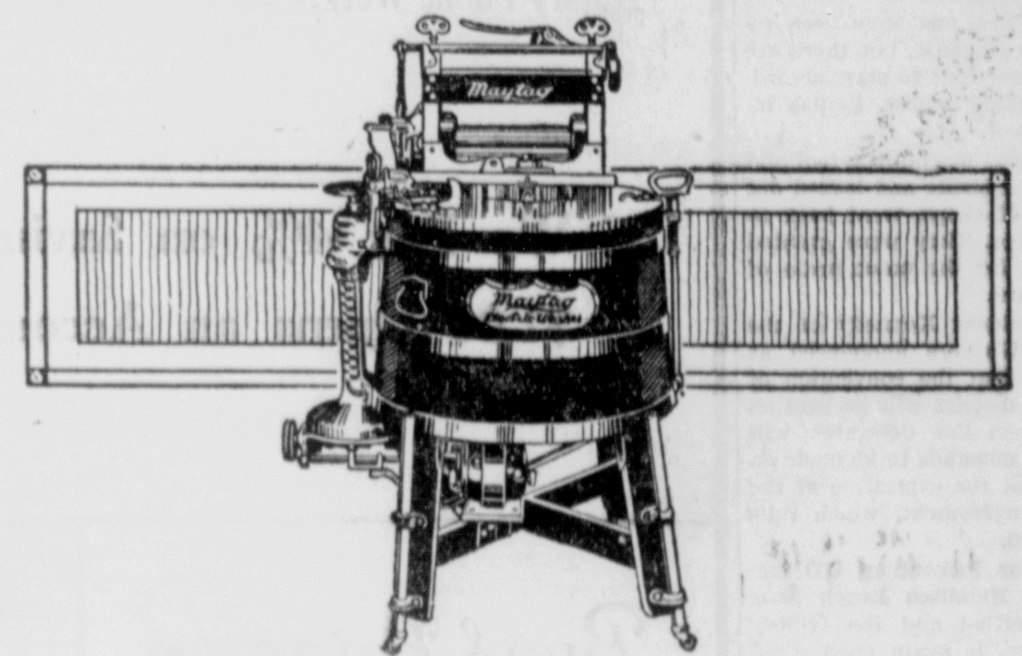
In his youth Emmett was a printer. He was a sifter in the army for a while, and then ran away with a circus. Later he helped to organize the first negro minstrel show ever put on in America. This show made a hit in the United States and later had a successful run in England. After his return to the United States Emmett joined a company headed by Dan Bryant. While playing at Mechanics' hall in New York Bryant told Emmett one Saturday that he must have a new "walk around" song for the following Monday's performance. On Sunday Emmett wrote the music and words for "Dixie," which was given for the first time in Mechanics' hall, New York, in 1859, under the title "Dixie's Land." The song was a hit from the word go, and was soon adopted by other traveling companies.

In 1860 Miss Susan Denin sang "Dixie" to a great throng in New Orleans, and eventually it spread through the South and became the war song of the Confederate armies.

In 1895 Al G. Field sought him out and the two had a happy time reviewing the past. Field was astonished to find Emmett still playing the fiddle and planning to go on the road again, although he was quite old. Finally Emmett induced Field to take him out for a season. He appeared in Newark, Ohio, on August 23, 1895. He was then eighty, but very vigorous and spry. Ovation after ovation followed him as he traveled through the South.

During his closing days he was helped by a weekly allowance from the Actors' fund of New York. Little or nothing was done to mark his grave, although an organization had been formed for that purpose. Mr. Smith, however, put up a monument at Emmett's grave in Mount View cemetery that is a credit to the man and to the donor.

A curious story brought out in connection with his song is that the original "Dixie's Land" referred to was not the South but an estate on Manhattan Island, New York city, owned by a man by the name of Dixie, who employed a large number of colored slaves. These slaves were sent south because of the rising abolition sentiment, and while there they improvised the refrain "I wish I was in Dixie's land," which was once heard by Emmett and became the inspiration of his song. However that may be, "Dixie" is always associated with the South, and had a part in the war in France as a typical American production.



SIMPLICITY, handiness and economy—all in a degree never before thought possible—are combined perfectly in the wonderful

Maytag
Electric Washer
Swinging Reversible Winger

It is truly the economic evolution of the home laundering problem. In principles of design and construction, the Maytag has achieved a standard of perfection which has made it the most widely used and highly praised washer in the world.

If your home is wired for electricity there is every reason why you should have an electric washer and the convenience, efficiency and money-saving aftercost of a Maytag should make the choice of any other washing machine inadvisable, no matter what the price.

Let us explain what you ought to know about the Maytag. No obligation—absolutely.

CLARK'S

Medicine by Inhalation.

That medicines for all diseases may be applied by inhalation is the conclusion of Dr. F. D. Schulz, of New York, after many years of experiment. Hitherto this method has been chiefly confined to anaesthetics and remedies for respiratory affections, but marked success is claimed for it in both digestive and nervous troubles. The medicine in liquid form is used to saturate a sponge, which is contained in a tube through which nitrous oxide gas as a "conveyor" is inhaled. Risk of chemical or other change from contact with food materials is avoided, and the medicine is absorbed into the circulation from the lungs even more readily than from the stomach, smaller doses sufficing.

Thrift Proverbs of Japan.

Seventy thousand thrift slogans were submitted in a contest conducted by the saving bank bureau of the Japanese post office department. The first five prizes ranging from \$50 to \$5, were won with the following phrases: "Saving is a duty everyone can perform." "One who laughs at a sen (half-cent) will cry for a yen." "Savings win over spending." "Think of saving rather than dream of making money." "Daily saving, daily happiness."—Japan Trade Bulletin.

Massage for Lumbago.

Lumbago, according to Doctor Pommetta, head of the medical department of the Swiss Accident Insurance Institute, may be purely rheumatic, or result from strain to a muscle, or be produced by a chill when overheated. He says massage is the best treatment, and that recovery should take place in from six to eight days at the outside.

A Hit With the Senoritas.

During the second occupation of Cuba, in 1906-1907, I was stationed as a marine at Palmyra. One day, being sent to Cienfuegos, I obtained permission to wear the blue uniform, as I intended to make a hit with the senoritas. On my way to the station I stepped into some ashes, getting my trousers full of them. After I got into the train I went out on the back platform of the car I was in, took them off, and began to shake them out. The train was going with great speed and the draft promptly snatched the trousers out of my hands, and I landed at Cienfuegos with the freeman's overalls on.—Chicago Journal.

Inquiring Turn of Mind.

Robert who is of a scientific turn of mind had never seen the ocean. Recently he visited Atlantic City with his mother. The day of his arrival was a breezy one and the waves were high. Robert stood on the board walk regarding the sea with interest. Presently he turned to his mother and said: "Don't they ever turn the power off?"

**DEAL WITH US
MAKE MONEY**

Best Market Price Paid by Brainerd Iron & Metal Co. for

HIDES AND FURS

Our connections with Large Fur Houses in the East enables us to Give you a decided Advantage in Dealing with us.

BRAINERD IRON & METAL CO.
H. PERLMAN, Prop.
Brainerd, Minn.

Faultless Service
Sincerity dominates every thought and act of this organization. Our ideal is a faultless service. Our goal—the respect of this community.

D. E. WHITNEY
DIRECTOR OF FUNERALS
720 FRONT ST.
BRAINERD, MINN.

Men and Women Slow Up

Nowadays many persons wrongly attribute backache, rheumatic pains, sore, swollen, aching joints and muscles and that "always tired" feeling to on-coming age when the real cause is kidney trouble. Foley Kidney Pills help the kidneys throw out of the blood the impurities that cause these symptoms. H. P. Dunn. mwf

**OUR WANT ADS.
WORK WONDERS**

LABOR NEWS

COMPLAINT MADE
TO CLERKS UNION

Some Small Stores Handling Groceries and Confectionery Goods Keep Open Late Hours

DO NOT FOLLOW SCHEDULE

Creates Bad Feeling Among Merchants Who Honestly Abide by the Union Schedule

There are frequent complaints coming to the attention of the Retail Clerks Union of some small stores which handle groceries and also a small line of confectionery goods which they use as an excuse to keep their places open at hours when union stores are closed.

This creates a bad feeling among the merchants who honestly try to abide by the schedule. Accordingly the Clerks Union asks the members of organized labor to refrain from buying anything in those stores during closed hours.

GENERAL LABOR NOTES

Over 70,000 Belgians have been repatriated from England, but there are still 100,000 who want to stay, according to home office figures. British labor unions object.

Eleven hundred machinists, tool and die makers on a strike and locked out from a score of shops, went back to work at Chicago. They were granted their demands for the union scale of wages and hours.

District President Kennedy of the United Mine Workers announced at Hazleton, Pa., that the convention of the anthracite district will be held on August 19, when the delegates will frame the new demands to be made on the operators at the expiration of the present wage agreement, which runs to April 1, 1920.

The strike or lockout of 600 employees of the Hamilton Beach Shoe company is settled and the factory at Racine, Wis., is again open. Fred Osius, president of the company, said that the strike had been settled and that the company had granted every demand of the employees. The labor dispute started in April.

Samuel Gompers' salary as president of the American Federation of Labor, despite his vigorous protest, was raised from \$7,500 to \$10,000 a year. In voting against the increase of his own salary, Mr. Gompers stated to the convention that enemies of labor had made his salary the subject of criticism while he was in Europe, classing him with millionaires.

The amount of unemployment in Great Britain is still serious. According to the latest figures given in the Labor Gazette, at the end of March, there remained lodged at employment exchanges 1,000,245 out of work, donation policies, 519,047 of which were those of women and girls. And those figures, of course, only represent part of the unemployment in the country.

A bill limiting work aboard all public and private vessels to eight hours a day of forty-eight hours a week was adopted by the French chamber of deputies. During the debate several deputies expressed the wish that negotiations be opened with other powers to enact similar legislation for their seamen on the ground that France would be handicapped if she were the only one to have eight hours. The government promised to begin negotiations.

An amicable adjustment of labor troubles between cotton mill owners and operatives at Charlotte, N. C., which had existed for ten weeks, has resulted in the return of the employees to work. Mill operatives went on strike at Charlotte and Concord, and a walkout was imminent at Annapolis when the settlement was reached. The mills were reopened on the "open shop" basis, and in future no discrimination will be made against union operatives.

The A. F. of L. convention rejected a proposal that organized labor favor extension of the civil service to all employees of the federal government, on the ground that such a system would lead to a transfer "from a republican form of government to a bureaucratic form of government."

The labor faction of Montreal was successful for the first time in electing candidates to the new house, which will contain seventy liberals, nine conservatives and two labor party members.

Thirty-two members of the Cigar-makers' union were fined or sentenced to jail at Chicago for violating an injunction issued by Judge Denis E. Sullivan of the superior court of Cook county.

British dressmakers are to get \$11 for a 48-hour week, under the new agreement with employers. Similar wages are paid even when the work done does not take 48 hours. Nurses also have established a 48-hour week. In England nurses are paid \$250 a year and have special allowances for a uniform, lodging with food being provided.

THE MERCHANTS WHO ADVERTISE
HAVE THE FINEST STORES

AMERICA FIRST-THEN BRAINERD

These Brainerd firms believe in live and let live---they deserve Labor's patronage.

Ciizens State Bank

Of Brainerd

We Handle Checking Accounts. Large or Small.

We issue American Bankers Association Travelers Checks payable anywhere in the world without identification.

Drafts and Cashiers Checks issued for forwarding money at a very nominal charge.

Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.

Notary Public Work.

We Pay 4% on Savings

\$1.00 Opens an Account

G. D. LaBAR, President
F. A. FARRAR, Vice Pres.
A. J. HAYES, Cashier

B. L. LAGERQUIST, Asst. Cash.
A. P. DROGSETH, Asst. Cash.
A. C. MRAZ, Asst. Cash.



1881

1919

DEPOSITS OVER \$1,500,000.00

Interest paid on Time and Savings Accounts.

Safety Deposits Boxes for Rent

Do Your Feet Hurt?

If your feet tire or ache see Oberst the foot expert. Efficient examination and foot imprints made free of charge.

P. J. OBERST 615 Laurel St.

IT'S GOOD IF IT COMES FROM PATEK'S

AND YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

PATEK Furniture Co.

216 South Seventh Street

Brainerd

Who Gets the
Profit from Rents?

The owner, of course, else why should he build? Furnishing homes for others is not philanthropy with the average investor who rightfully expects a profit.

If rent brings profit to a landlord, why not be one yourself? Why not build a home to suit your needs and desires? Then let your rent apply on the purchase.

We can help you select the right design, the most economical materials and a reliable builder. And, if you like, we'll be glad to put you in touch with those who will help you with the finances.

Lakeside Lumber Co.

Telephone 14

Brainerd, Minn.

Bye & Peterson

Distributors

Oshkosh B Gosh
Overalls

None Better

Crawford Work
Shoes

Union Made

Directory of Brainerd Unions

Name and Number of Union	Name and Address of Secretary	Time and Place of Meeting
American Federation of Labor.....	Frank Morrison, Washington, D. C.	Atlantic City, N. J., June 10
Minn. State Fed. of Labor.....	P. T. Brown, Ex-Bd. mem., Fir St.	July 21, New Ulm, Minnesota
Trades & Labor Assembly.....	Joe Gabiou, 501 S. 8th	2nd and 4th Tues., Labor Hall
Barbers, No. 674.....	E. J. Pilgrim, 1206-6st St. So.	Last Mon. basement Ctt. Bank Bldg.
Boilermakers, No. 116.....	J. W. Gabiou, 501 S. 8th	4th Fri., 2nd Sat., Labor Hall
Blacksmiths, No. 51.....	Wm. A. Hannah, 419 N. E. 3 Av.	1st and 3rd Thurs., Scandia Hall
Bricklayers and Plasterers.....	B. A. Samuelson, 521 S. Broadway	
Carpenters, No. 951.....	Peter Ulfseth, 624 S. 8th	1st Thurs., Labor Hall
Carmen.....	J. J. Murphy, 506 S. 9th	1st and 3rd Friday, Labor Hall
Clerks, Retail.....	A. T. Peterson, 323 S. 6th	1st and 3rd Thurs., Odd Fellow Hall
Clerks, Postoffice.....	C. B. Stickney	Call meetings at Post Office
Cigar Makers.....	Carl F. Dahl, St. Cloud, Minn.	St. Cloud, Minnesota
Electrical Workers, No. 234.....	Elmer Dahl, 302-1st Ave.	1st Tuesday, Labor Hall
Foundry Employees.....	John P. Koeppl, 409 S. 9th	2nd and 4th Tuesday, Odd Fell. Hall
Letter Carriers, No. 864.....	A. A. England, 615 S. 7th	Call meetings, Post Office
Machinists, Lodge 197.....	Fred L. Kelley, 1601 Oak St.	2-4 Thursdays, Labor Hall
Maint. of Way Emp. No. 1223.....	Louis Sandberg, Miracle Bldg.	Last Saturday, Labor Hall
Moulders, Iron, No. 226.....	Ray Heller, 619-4th Ave.	2nd and 4th Monday, Labor Hall
Musicians, No. 517.....	L. O. Johnson, 408 N. 10th	1st and 3rd Monday, Opera House
Papermakers, No. 164.....	Peter Hubert	1st Sunday, Labor Hall
Plumbers, No. 357.....	Geo. Horner, 315 N. 9th	1st Saturday, Labor Hall
Pulp & Sulphite Workers, No. 79.....	Cromwell Stanley	2nd Fri. and 4th Thurs., Labor Hall
Railway Clerks.....	V. W. Mackey, 1006 Fir St.	1st and 3rd Monday, Labor Hall
Stationary Firemen.....	W. T. McCloskey, 1119 Oak St.	1st Friday, 3rd Sunday, Labor Hall
Tinners, No. 241.....	Gus Polson	4th Friday, Labor Hall
Typographical, No. 593.....	Albert O. Anderson, 814-4th Av.	Last Monday, Dispatch Bldg.

FORD

The Universal Car

The Ford Factory has not yet reached normal production. It will take some time, after being entirely given over to war work. We are getting a few cars right along, and suggest that you leave your order with us as soon as possible and we will deliver as soon as possible. Runabout, \$500; Touring Car, \$525; Coupe, \$550; Sedan, \$775; One Ton Truck Chassis, \$550. These prices f. o. b. Detroit. Don't forget the service we give in our shops, genuine Ford Parts, Ford skill and Ford prices.

Woodhead Motor Co.

D. E. WHITNEY

Pictures and
Framing Art
Goods

720 Front St. Phone 31
Brainerd, Minn.



Shelf and Builders' Hardware. Minnesota Paints and Varnishes, all shades.

Brainerd Hardware Co.

Cor. 8th and Laurel, Slipp Block

Brainerd Greenhouse Co.

Large stock of choice Cut-Flowers and potted plants always on hand. We specialize on Floral designs and Lodge Emblems of all kinds---Corsage---Arm and Shower-bouquets for any occasion.

Victor Peterson Prop.

Cor. Main & 6th. Phone 774

The
Rexall
STORE

Family Remedies
Toilet Preparations
Kodak Supplies

Prescriptions Accurately
Filled at

Johnson's Pharmacy

Ask Your Grocer For

Ericsson Bros.
Bread

Wholesale and Retail Bakery

Lagerquist Bldg. 324 S. 6th
Telephone 512

ALL UNION MEN WELCOME
Garvey's Restaurant
For a Square Meal---Short Orders a Specialty
W. J. Garvey, Prop.

Open Day and Night Furnished Rooms 213 S. 6th St.

BILLIARDS

PIPES

COOK'S
BILLIARD PARLOR

CIGARS
Tobacco

Laurel St.

SOFT DRINKS
CONFECTIONS



C. L. Burnett

Jeweler and Optometrist

Glasses Expertly Fitted

206 S. 6th St.
Ransford Block

PRINCESS

Candy Kitchen

GUST HOLEVAS, Prop.

Fruits, Ice Cream and

Home Made Candies

SOFT DRINKS

Union Made Cigars
and Tobacco

Cor. Broadway and Laurel

Cook With Gas And Save Time,
Money, Worry, Dirt

Gas Ranges and Water Heaters Installed on Easy Monthly Payments

Special Inducements to Install Gas During our Campaign for 1,000 Users

BRAINERD GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY

Koop Mercantile Company

Brainerd's Leading Grocers

Agents for Chase & Sanborn's Coffee

Phone 47

221 S. 7th St.